1	DONALD B. MOONEY (SBN 153721) Law Offices of Donald B. Mooney						
2	417 Mace Boulevard, Suite J-334 Davis, California 95618 Telephone: 530-758-2377						
3	Facsimile: 530-758-7169						
4	Attorneys for Petitioner						
5	California State Park Rangers Association						
6							
7							
8	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA						
9	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO						
10	CALIFORNIA STATE PARKS RANGERS)						
11	ASSOCIATION) Case No. 34-2019-80003224						
12	Petitioner) FIRST AMENDED VERIFIED PETITION FOR						
13	v.) WRIT OF MANDATE						
14	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PARKS) AND RECREATION, and DOES 1 through 20)						
15	Respondents)						
16)						
17	VALLEY OF THE MOON NATURAL) HISTORY ASSOCIATION;)						
18	TRANSCENDENCE THEATER COMPANY,) And DOES 21 through 40,)						
19	Real Parties in Interest						
20	AND A MARKO IN INCOME.						
21	1. Petitioner California State Parks Rangers Association petitions this Court for a						
22	Writ of Mandate, directed to Respondent California Department of Parks and Recreation						
23	("Respondent" or "Parks"). Petitioner challenges Respondent's August 12, 2019 approval of						
24	the Transcendence Theater Company Summer Theater Festival 2020-2024 Seasons ("Project").						
25	The Project is the grant of a five-year renewal of a Special Events Permit to the Transcendence						
26	Theater Company to stage performances in the Old Winery Ruins at Jack London Historic Park.						
27	The permit allows up to 4 annual theatrical productions (up to 30 performances in total) with up						
28	to 860 attendees at each performance.						

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

2. Petitioner also challenges Respondent's September 17, 2019 approval of a five-year Operating Agreement with Real Party in Interest Valley of the Moon Natural History Association ("VMNHA"). The Project is the grant of a five-year Operating Agreement with VMNHA for up to 30 theater performances in the Old Winery Ruins at Jack London Historic Park, each summer season for up to 5 years. Petitioner contends that Respondent's approval for the Special Events Permit and Operations Agreement based upon Notices of Exemption violates the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), Public Resources Code section 21000 *et seq.* ("CEQA"), and State Planning and Zoning Law, Government Code §§ 65300 *et seq.* Petitioner also contends that the approval of the Special Events Permits and Operating Agreement violates Public Resources Code, sections 5001.9(b); 5001.96; 5019.53; 5019.59; and 5080.03. Petitioner alleges as follows:

PARTIES

3. Petitioner California State Parks Rangers Association ("CSPRA" or "Petitioner") is an organization of active and retired State Park professionals dedicated to advancement of the highest principles of public service, established to support and preserve California State Parks for present and future generations. For over 50 Years, CSPRA has been the professional organization that truly cares first about protecting and preserving the values of California's State Park System. CSPRA provides exchange of professional thought; defends State Park System integrity; supports quality Department effort; sponsors professional training; comments and makes recommendations on California park management issues. CSPRA has a direct and substantial beneficial interest in ensuring that Respondent complies with the laws relating to environmental protection, particularly CEQA. CSPRA is affected by Respondent's failure to comply with CEQA. CSPRA and its members' environmental, aesthetic and property interests will be severely injured if the adoption of the Project is not set aside pending full compliance with CEQA and all other laws. CSPRA brings this petition on behalf of all others similarly situated who are too numerous to be named and brought before this Court as petitioners. CSPRA is within the class of persons and entities beneficially interested in, and aggrieved by, the acts of Respondent as alleged below. Accordingly, CSPRA has standing to sue.

- 4. Respondent DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION is a governmental agency and political subdivision of the State of California charged with the authority to regulate and administer state parks throughout California. Parks is subject at all times to the obligations and limitations of all applicable state, federal, and other laws, including CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines, and the State Planning and Zoning Laws.
- Real Party in Interest Valley of the Moon Natural History Association is a
 California Non-profit corporation located in Glen Ellen, California. VMNHA is a party to the five-year Operating Agreement with the State Parks.
- 6. Real Party in Interest Transcendence Theater Company ("TTC") is 501(c)3 nonprofit regional theatre company incorporated in the State of Delaware and registered to do business in the State of California. TTC is the recipient of the Special Events Permit. TTC is the entity that will be putting on the theater performances that are the subject of the Operating Agreement.
- 7. Petitioner is unaware of the true names and identities of DOES 1 through 20 and 21 through 40, inclusive, and sue such unnamed Respondents and Real Parties in Interest respectively, by their fictitious names. Petitioner is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that fictitiously named Respondents and Real Parties in Interest are responsible for all acts and omissions described above. When the true identities and capacities of Respondents and Real Parties in Interest have been determined, Petitioner will, with leave of Court if necessary, amend this Petition to include such identities and capacities.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. This Court has jurisdiction over the matters alleged in this Petition pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5, and Public Resources Code section 21168. In the alternative, this Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1085 and Public Resources Code section 21168.5.
- 9. Venue for this action properly lies in the Superior Court for the State of California in and for the County of Sacramento pursuant to sections 393 and 395 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

/

10. Jack London State Historic Park, located in the County of Sonoma, is a listed National Historic Landmark. The stone masonry Winery Ruins are part of the Jack London State Historic Park and are interpreted by the public as part of the ranch compound. The Winery Ruins are a contributing feature of the National Register listed Cultural Landscape at the park and protected by state and federal law.

- 11. TTC produced summer theater festivals at Jack London State Historic Park since 2012, within the open-air confines of the Winery Ruins on the grounds of Jack London's Beauty Ranch. Parks initially approved the production for one-year periods in the 2012 and 2013 seasons, and approved for a 5-year production run from 2014 to 2019.
- 12. On August 12, 2019, Respondent approved a five-year Special Events Permit to the TTC to stage performances in the Old Winery Ruins at Jack London Historic Park. The Permit allows up to 4 annual theatrical productions (up to 30 performances in total) with up to 860 attendees at each performance. The Permit provides for TTC to erect a portable stage and 860 chairs within the ruins and remove them after each production. The Beauty Ranch meadow serves as an area for group assembly, picnicking and entertainment with associated food and wine sales.
- 13. The Permit provides for TTC to produce a minimum of four productions with up to a maximum of 30 main stage performances during every summer festival. The pre-show picnic begins at 5 p.m.; the main stage show begins at 7:30 p.m. and concludes at approximately 9:30 p.m. with all guests exiting park by 10 p.m. Venue clean up takes place between 10 p.m. and 10:30 p.m. with all remaining staff exiting the park by 11 p.m. TTC will return to the park on days following the performances should additional cleanup be required as a result of both the 11 p.m. curfew and lack of light.
- 14. The Project includes an additional 20 tech-rehearsals. Each tech rehearsal ends at 10 p.m. All nontechnical production rehearsals must take place off site. There may be alterations to this schedule due to technical or weather related issues beyond the reasonable

control of Transcendence Theater Company. Under such circumstances, both parties will determine rescheduled dates with respect to priorities of the park.

- 15. The Permit provide TTC exclusive use of a large part of the historic area on all contracted dates. TTC will be given exclusive access to the winery ruins, Beauty Ranch Meadow, upper and lower parking lots, picnicking areas within Beauty Ranch, backstage area between Winery Ruins and vineyards, and all areas in between.
- 16. Festival dates will vary from year to year, but will fall within the general timeframe of June through September.
- 17. On September 16, 2019, Petitioner filed a Petition for Writ of Mandate challenging Respondent's approval of the Special Events Permit to TTC and approval of the August 13, 2019 Notice of Exemption.
- 18. On September 17, 2019, Respondents filed a "corrected" Notice of Exemption that superseded the August 13, 2019 Notice of Exemption for the five-year Special Events Permit to TTC to stage performances in the Old Winery Ruins at Jack London Historic Park. The September 17, 2019 Notice of Exemption, however, does not state that Respondent rescinded and/or vacated the approval of and issuance of the Special Events Permit was rescinded and/or vacated.
- 19. The September 17, 2019, Notice of Exemption provided for the five-year Operating Agreement with VMNHA for up to 30 theater performances in the Old Winery Ruins at Jack London Historic Park, each summer season. The Operating Agreement provides for the same or similar activities as the Special Events Permit with TTC. Based upon information and belief, Petitioner alleges that TTC will be the production company under the Operating Agreement.

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES AND INADEQUACY OF REMEDY

20. Petitioner has performed any and all conditions precedent to filing the instant action and have exhausted any and all available administrative remedies to the extent required by law.

- 21. Petitioner has complied with the requirements of Public Resources Code, section 21167.5 by mailing written notice of this action to the Respondents. A copy of this written notice and proof of service for the August 13, 2019 Notice of Exemption is attached as Exhibit A to this Petition for Writ of Mandate. A copy of the written notice and proof of service for the September 17, 2019 Notice of Exemption is attached as Exhibit B to this Petition for Writ of Mandate.
- 22. Petitioner complied with Public Resources Code section 21167.6 by filing a request concerning preparation of the record of administrative proceedings relating to this action. Petitioner has also filed an Amended Notice of Preparation of Record of Proceedings related to this First Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate.
- 23. Petitioner has no plain, speedy or adequate remedy in the course of ordinary law unless this Court grants the requested writ of mandate to require respondents to set aside their approval of the Project(s) and approval of the Notice of Exemption. In the absence of such remedies, the Respondent's approval will remain in effect in violation of State law.
- 24. This action has been brought within 35 days of the filing of the Notice of Exemption dated August 13, 2019. This First Amended Petition for Writ of Mandate has been filed within 35 days of the Notice of Exemption September 17, 2019.

STANDING

25. Petitioner has standing to assert the claims raised in this Petition because

Petitioner's aesthetic, environmental and property interests are directly and adversely affected by Respondent's approval of the Project.

ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS ACTIONS

26. Petitioner brings this action on the basis, among others, of Government Code section 800, and other applicable laws, which award Petitioner's attorneys' fees in actions to overturn agency decisions that are arbitrary and capricious, such as the decisions in question in this action.

//

1 //

20_.

CAUSES OF ACTION

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION Abuse of Discretion Violation of CEQA, Public Resources Code, § 21000 et seq.

- 27. Petitioner realleges and incorporates herein, as if set forth in full, each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 26.
- 28. Respondent's action in determining the Project is categorically exempt constitutes a violation of CEQA in that Respondent failed to proceed in a manner required by law and their decision to approve the Project based upon a categorical exemption is not supported by substantial evidence. Based upon substantial evidence in the record the Project may have a significant impact on the environment.
- 29. CEQA Guidelines section 15301 provides for a categorical exemption for existing facilities that involve negligible or no expansion of use beyond that existing at the time of the lead agency's determination. The Project does not qualify for "existing facilities" exemption due to the expansion of this same project over the last seven years now 30 performances (and an additional use for 30 rehearsals) with 860 persons which is 33% over this current year of 22 performances (and additional use for 22 rehearsals) and over three-fold from 2012 for 14 performances of 500 persons this project is hardly negligible or no expansion.
- 30. CEQA Guidelines section 15305 provides for a categorical exemption for minor alterations in land use limitations in areas with an average slope of less than 20%, which do not result in any changes in land use or density, including but not limited to: (a) Minor lot line adjustments, side yard, and set back variances not resulting in the creation of any new parcel; (b) Issuance of minor encroachment permits; (c) Reversion to acreage in accordance with the Subdivision Map Act. Due to the number of performances and rehearsals this is a major land use and density that has changed from an historic winery into a Broadway musical entertainment venue (potential significant impacts to increased traffic and congestion during peak hours, and neighbors, and contribute to greenhouse gasses, noise and light pollution.

- 31. CEQA Guidelines section 15311 provides a categorical exemption for construction, or placement of minor structures accessory to (appurtenant to) existing commercial, industrial, or institutional facilities, including but not limited to: (a) On-premise signs; (b) Small parking lots; (c) Placement of seasonal or temporary use items such as lifeguard towers, mobile food units, portable restrooms, or similar items in generally the same locations from time to time in publicly owned parks, stadiums, or other facilities designed for public use. The Project does not constitute a temporary uses as it is a five year contract during peak season with year round storage; and installing entertainment venue marketing signs for theatrical venue in the beauty ranch area is not permissible due to a deed restriction (significant impact).
- 32. The Project also does not qualify for a categorical exemption as the Project is inconsistent with the General Plan governing Jack London State Historic Park. Parks' Project Evaluation Form for the Project acknowledges that the Project is inconsistent with the applicable General Plan.

The General Plan identifies a Primary Historic Zone and page 71 of the General Plan specifically states: An analysis of public intent has indicated a desire to keep activities in this particular part of the park "low key." Based on this statement, the performances are not consistent with the goal of the General Plan to "encourage low-impact activities that culturally support and historically compliment the interpretive topics [identified in the General Plan]. While the event is not "low key," the General Plan was written prior to a time when the park was managed by an association and prior to the expansion of the concept of how parks are managed. The performances have also been ongoing since 2012 and the public and surrounding community fully support these events so the public intent for the park has changed. These performances also provide exposure of the historic park to others who would not necessarily have been interested in visiting it.

- 33. None of these form the basis for approving a Project that is inconsistent with the General Plan nor does the argument address the potential impacts resulting from the inconsistency with the General Plan.
- 34. Neither the Project Evaluation Form nor the Notice of Exemption address the impacts or disruption issue of visitor's ability to freely view, enter, photograph or tour the winery ruins and adjacent historic area.
- 35. The PEF also indicates that the Project is inconsistent with Parks' Cultural Resource Management Directives.

- 36. CEQA provides that if there is "reasonable possibility" that an activity will have a significant effect on the environment due to "unusual circumstances," an agency may not find the activity to be categorically exempt from CEQA. (CEQA Guidelines, § 15300.2(c). The unusual circumstances exception applies when both unusual circumstances and a significant impact as a result of those unusual circumstances are shown. (Berkeley Hillside Preservation v City of Berkeley (2015) 60 C4th 1086, 1104.)
- 37. In the present case, unusual circumstances exist such as the Project's inconsistency with the General Plan, inconsistency with Public Resources Code sections 5001.9(b); 5001.96; 50019.53; 5019.59; 5080.03.
- 38. As the Project does not qualify for a categorical exemption under CEQA, approval of the Project constitutes a prejudicial abuse of discretion and is contrary to law.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of General Plan Laws - Government Code §§ 65300 et seq.; Code of Civil Procedure § 1094.5)

- 39. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 38.
- 40. The State Planning and Zoning Law prohibits the agency from approving the Project if it conflicts with its General Plan and other applicable land use plans. Local land use and development decisions must be consistent with the applicable general plan. (Families Unafraid to Uphold Rural etc. County v. Board of Supervisors (1998) 62 Cal.App.4th 1332, 1336 (FUTURE).) "A project is consistent with the general plan "if, considering all its aspects, it will further the objectives and policies of the general plan and not obstruct their attainment." [Citation.] A given project need not be in perfect conformity with each and every general plan policy. [Citation.] To be consistent, a project must be 'compatible with' the objectives, policies, general land uses and programs specified in the general plan." (Ibid.)
- 41. As discussed above, Parks acknowledges that the Project is inconsistent with the General Plan. Instead of amending the General Plan, which is a public process, Parks argues that the General Plan was written prior to a time when the park was managed by an association and prior to the expansion of the concept of how parks are managed. If that is the case, then the

process is for Parks to update the General Plan, not approve projects/events that are inconsistent with the General Plan and then argue that the General Plan is out-dated.

42. As the Project conflicts with the General Plan and the General Plan, approval of the Project constitutes a prejudicial abuse of discretion and is contrary to law.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Public Resources Code, § 5001.9(b); Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1094.5 & 1085)

- 43. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 42.
- 44. Public Resources Code section 5001.9(b) provides that: "No new facility may be developed in any unit of the state park system unless it is compatible with the classification of the unit."
- 45. In the present matter, the theatrical entertainment venue constitutes a new facility due to its excessive use and physical presence during peak season and the construction and use of the stage and chairs being set up during regular park hours and for several weeks each season. The development of a facility for theatrical performances is not compatible with the classification of Jack London State Historic Park.
- 46. As the Project conflicts with the section 5001.9(b), approval of the Project constitutes a prejudicial abuse of discretion and is contrary to law.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Public Resources Code, § 5001.96; Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1094.5 & 1085)

- 47. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 46.
- 48. Public Resources Code section 5001.96 provides that attendance at state park system units shall be held within limits established by carrying capacity determined in accordance with Section 5019.5. Section 5019.5 provides that "Before any park or recreational area developmental plan is made, the department shall cause to be made a land carrying capacity survey of the proposed park or recreational area, including in such survey such factors as soil, moisture, and natural cover."
- 49. Parks made no evaluation or determination that the Project will be within the carrying capacity determined in accordance with section 5019.5.

1	50. As the Project conflicts with the section 5001.9(b), approval of the Project					
2	constitutes a prejudicial abuse of discretion and is contrary to law.					
3	FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Public Resources Code, § 5019.53; Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1094.5 & 1085)					
5	51. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 50.	-				
6	52. Public Resources Code section 5019.53 provides in relevant part:					
7 8	Each state park shall be managed as a composite whole in order to restore, protect, and maintain its native environmental complexes to the extent compatible with the primary purpose for which the park was established. <i>Improvements undertaken</i>					
9	within state parks shall be for the purpose of making the areas available for public enjoyment and education in a manner consistent with the preservation of natural, scenic, cultural, and ecological values for present and future generations.					
10 11	Improvements may be undertaken to provide for recreational activities including, but not limited to, camping, picnicking, sightseeing, nature study, hiking, and horseback riding, so long as those improvements involve no major modification of					
12	lands, forests, or waters. Improvements that do not directly enhance the public's					
13	enjoyment of the natural, scenic, cultural, or ecological values of the resource, which are attractions in themselves, or which are otherwise available to the public within a reasonable distance outside the park, shall not be undertaken within state					
14	parks. (Emphasis added.)					
15	53. Parks made no finding or determination that the Project is consistent with Public					
16	Resources Code section 5019.53. Moreover, in contradiction of section 5019.53, the Project					
17	becomes a facility for non-park purposes that constitutes an attraction onto itself.					
18	54. As the Project conflicts with the section 5019.53, approval of the Project constitutes	3				
19	a prejudicial abuse of discretion and is contrary to law.					
2021	SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Public Resources Code, § 5019.59; Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1094.5 & 1085)	1				
22	55. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 54.					
23	56. Public Resources Code section 5019.59 provides:	1				
24	Historical units, to be named appropriately and individually, consist of nonmarine	1				
25	areas established primarily to preserve objects of historical, archaeological, and scientific interest, and archaeological sites and places commemorating important					
26	persons or historic events. The areas should be of sufficient size, where possible, to encompass a significant proportion of the landscape associated with the historical objects. The only facilities that may be provided are those required for the safety, comfort, and enjoyment of the visitors, such as access, parking, water, sanitation, interpretation, and picnicking. Upon approval by the commission,					
27						
28	lands outside the primary historic zone may be selected or acquired, developed, or					

operated to provide camping facilities within appropriate historical units. Upon approval by the State Park and Recreation Commission, an area outside the primary historic zone may be designated as a recreation zone to provide limited recreational opportunities that will supplement the public's enjoyment of the unit. Certain agricultural, mercantile, or other commercial activities may be permitted if those activities are a part of the history of the individual unit and any developments retain or restore historical authenticity. Historical units shall be named to perpetuate the primary historical theme of the individual units.

- 57. Under section 5019.59 only interpretative venues should take place in Jack London State Historic Park historic Beauty Ranch. Approval of theatrical performance is not consistent with the limitations of section 5019.59.
- 58. As the Project conflicts with the section 5019.59, approval of the Project constitutes a prejudicial abuse of discretion and is contrary to law.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Public Resources Code, § 5080.03; Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1094.5 & 1085)

- 59. Petitioner realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 58.
- 60. Public Resources Code section 5080.03 provides that:
- (a) The department may enter into contracts with natural persons, corporations, partnerships, and associations for the construction, maintenance, and operation of concessions within units of the state park system for the safety and convenience of the general public in the use and enjoyment of, and the enhancement of recreational and educational experiences at, units of the state park system.
- (b) Concessions shall not be entered into solely for their revenue producing potential.
- (c) With respect to any unit of the state park system for which a general development plan has been approved by the commission, any proposed concession at that unit shall be compatible with that plan.
- 61. The permit/concession is not consistent with the park classification or is not compatible with the General Plan.
- 62. As the Project conflicts with the section 5080.03, approval of the Project constitutes a prejudicial abuse of discretion and is contrary to law.

PRAYER

Wherefore, Petitioner respectfully requests the following relief and entry of judgment as follows:

VERIFICATION

I am the attorney for California State Parks Rangers Association, which is located outside the County of Yolo, State of California, where I have my office. For that reason, I make this verification for and on their behalf pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure section 446. I have read the foregoing First Amended Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate and know its contents. The matters stated in this Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate are true of my own knowledge except those matters stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct. Executed this 18th day of October 2019, at Davis, California.

Donald B. Mooney

I am employed in the County of Yolo; my business add

I am employed in the County of Yolo; my business address is 417 Mace Boulevard, Suite J-334, Davis, California; I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the foregoing action. On October 19, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of

FIRST AMENDED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE

___ (by mail) on all parties in said action listed below, in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure §1013a(3), by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope in a United States mailbox in the City of Davis, California.

X (by overnight delivery service) via Federal Express to the person at the address set forth below:

___ (by personal delivery) by personally delivering a true copy thereof to the person and at the address set forth below:

___ (by electronic mail) by delivering a true copy thereof to the person at the electronic mail address set forth below:

Nicole U. Rinke Deputy Attorney General 1300 I Street, Suite 125 Sacramento, CA 95814	Representing Respondent California Department of Parks and Recreation
---	--

Brad Surosky
Transcendence Theater Company
19201 Sonoma Highway, #214

Agent for Service of Process
Transcendence Theater Company

Tjiska Van Wyk
Valley of the Moon Natural History
Association
15234 Arnold Drive
Sonoma, CA 95476

Agent for Service of Process
Valley of the Moon Natural History
Association

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on October 19, 2019 at Davis, California.

Donald B. Mooney

Sonoma, CA 95476

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

LAW OFFICE OF DONALD B. MOONEY

417 Mace Boulevard, Suite J-334 Davis, CA 95618 530-758-2377 dbmooney@dcn.org

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL AND FEDERAL EXPRESS

Lisa Mangat, Director, Dept. of Parks and Recreation 1416 9th Street Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Notice of Intent to File CEQA Petition

Dear Ms. Mangat:

Please take notice that under Public Resources Code section 21167 5, that Petitioner California State Parks Rangers Association intends to file a Petition for Writ of Mandate in Sacramento County Superior Court under the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code, section 21000 et seq., against the California Department of Parks and Recreation challenging the Notice of Exemption for the Transcendence Theater Company's permit for Jack London Historic State Park and the approval of the permit. The Petition for Writ of Mandate will request that the court direct the Department of Parks and Recreation to vacate and rescind the Notice of Exemption and approval of the permit on the grounds that they violate the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act. Additionally, the petition will seek Petitioner's costs and attorney's fees associated with this action.

Sincerely,

Donald B. Mooney

Attorney for Petitioner California State Parks Rangers Association

PROOF OF SERVICE

I am employed in the County of Yolo; my business address is 417 Mace Boulevard, Suite J-334 Davis, California; I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the foregoing action. On September 16, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of as follows:

NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE CEQA PETITION PUBLIC RESOURCES CODE SECTION 21167.5

(by mail) on all parties in said action listed below, in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure §1013a(3), by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope in a United Stat mailbox in Davis, California.								
X (by electronic mail) to the p	erson a	nt the en	nail addr	ess set fo	rth belo	w:		
X (by overnight mail) via Fede	ral Exp	press to	the perso	on at the	address :	set forth	below	
(by facsimile transmission)	to the	person a	t the add	lress and	phone n	umber se	t forth	below:
Lisa Mangat, Director,								; i i.,
Dept. of Parks and Recreation 1416 9th Street		· . :		1996 1997				
Sacramento, CA 95814								: :
Lisa.Mangat@parks.ca.gov		. :						
				٠				

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed September 16, 2019, at Davis, California.

Donald B. Mooney

EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

LAW OFFICE OF DONALD B. MOONEY

417 Mace Boulevard, Suite J-334 Davis, CA 95618 530-758-2377 dbmooney@dcn.org

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL AND FEDERAL EXPRESS

Lisa Mangat, Director, Department of Parks and Recreation 1416 9th Street Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Notice of Intent to File CEQA Petition

Dear Ms. Mangat:

Please take notice that under Public Resources Code section 21167 5, Petitioner California State Parks Rangers Association intends to file a Petition for Writ of Mandate in Sacramento County Superior Court under the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code, section 21000 et seq., against the California Department of Parks and Recreation challenging the September 17, 2019 Notice of Exemption for the Operating Agreement with the Valley of the Moon Natural History Association. The Petition for Writ of Mandate will request that the court direct the Department of Parks and Recreation to vacate and rescind the Notice of Exemption and approval of the Operating Agreement on the grounds that they violate the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act. Additionally, the Petition will seek Petitioner's costs and attorney's fees associated with this action.

Sincerely,

Donald B. Mooney

Attorney for Petitioner California State Parks Rangers Association

CC

Nicole Rinke

Deputy Attorney General

PROOF OF SERVICE

I am employed in the County of Yolo; my business address is 417 Mace Boulevard, Suite J-334 Davis, California; I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the foregoing action. On October 18, 2019, I served a true and correct copy of as follows:

NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE CEQA PETITION PUBLIC RESOURCES CODE SECTION 21167.5

(by mail) on all parties in said action listed below. Procedure §1013a(3), by placing a true copy thereof enclosed mailbox in Davis, California.	
X (by electronic mail) to the person at the email add	ress set forth below:
X (by overnight mail) via Federal Express to the person	son at the address set forth below
(by facsimile transmission) to the person at the ad	dress and phone number set forth below:
Lisa Mangat, Director,	
Dept. of Parks and Recreation	
1416 9th Street	
Sacramento, CA 95814	
Lisa.Mangat@parks.ca.gov	
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoi	ng is true and correct. Executed

October 18, 2019, at Davis, California.

Donald B. Mooney